



# Quarterly Update (July-Sept 2015)

"This is a very exciting time for the Angkor Hospital for Children, and we are very pleased to introduce the new five year **Strategic Plan for 2016-2020.**"

—Dr. Claudia Turner, Managing Director

**Mission:** To improve healthcare for *all* Cambodia's children

**Vision:** For all Cambodian children to have access to high quality care no matter where they live, and whatever their ability to pay

The full Strategic Plan can be found on our website here:

<http://angkorhospital.org/wp-content/uploads/newsletters/2015-Sep-strategic.pdf>

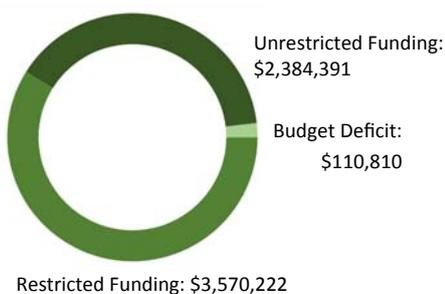


**Hospital Update:** We have seen a steady increase in the number of dengue fever patients, as is normal for this time of year, however, 2015 is shaping up to be worse than last year. According to the Cambodian Ministry of Health, a three-fold increase in dengue cases has been seen in the first eight months of 2015 when compared to the same period of 2014. Dengue fever is a debilitating and painful illness caused by one of four viruses transmitted by mosquitoes. Dengue is a cyclical tropical illness, meaning that it comes in waves of severity every few years. There is no cure for dengue fever, and treatment consists of pain management, ensuring the patient is hydrated, and receiving adequate nutrients as well as blood transfusions in cases of hemorrhagic dengue. Our OPD, IPD, ER and ICU were all prepped for dengue season with extra pain medication, additional beds and we are running an on-going campaign for blood donations, targeting rarer blood types such as O- to ensure we are fully equipped to treat all our young patients.



### Financial information moving into Quarter 4

**2015 Operating Budget: \$6,065,424**



**2015 Capital Budget: \$867,733**



### Most common diagnosis by department (July-Sept 2015)

	OPD	IPD	ER	ICU
1	Respiratory/Upper Respiratory Infections (50%)	Dengue Fever (27%)	Respiratory/Upper Respiratory Infections (56%)	Respiratory/Upper Respiratory Infections (27%)
2	Viral Infection of Unspecified Site (4.4%)	Respiratory/Upper Respiratory Infections (17%)	Sepsis/Septicemia* (14%)	Dengue Fever (22%)
3	Gastroenteritis (3.26%)	Sepsis/Septicemia* (7%)	Fever of unknown origin (8%)	Sepsis/Septicemia* (19%)

\*sepsis/septicemia are not often stand alone diagnosis and is usually associated with another illness ie meningitis and sepsis or hemorrhagic dengue fever and sepsis

**Treatment. Education. Prevention.**